

SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES & TECHNOLOGY THIRUVANANTHAPURAM—695 011, INDIA.

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ROLL	NI	IMB	ER.
TOLL	110	TAIL	LIL.

WRITTEN TEST FOR THE POST OF STAFF NURSE -A

DATE: 01.09.2019

TIME: 10.00 AM

DURATION: 90 MINUTES

TOTAL MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. Write your Roll Number on the top of the Question Booklet and in OMR answer Sheet.
- 2. Each question carries mark.
- 3. There will not be any Negative Marking.
- 4. Each question carries 4 options i.e., a, b, c & d. Darken completely the bubble corresponding to the most appropriate answer using blue/black ball point pen only.
- 5. Marking more than one answer will invalidate the answer.
- 6. Candidate should sign in the OMR sheet.
- 7. Candidate should hand over the OMR sheet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall.

Kany 2019.

1.		patient has undergone surgery for pituit			-	enoidal appro	ach.
	TI	he nurse understands that it is highly signif	icant t				
	a.			 c. Visual acuity a 		ual fields	
		. Vital signs		d. Hearing acuity			
2.		rain abscess is more frequently diagnosed in					
		On anti-epileptic medications		c. In the 3 rd and 4 th		e of life	
		. Immunosuppressed		d. Having head inju			
3.		Slycated hemoglobin (HbA1C) is a blood tes	t that	reflects average blo	od glu	ucose levels ov	er a
	-	eriod of approximately 0-1 month b. 1-2 months		2.2 months	ı	2.4	
				2-3 months	a.	3-4 months	
		the site that has the highest rate of absorption	n ior			1.6.1	
		Abdomen b. Thigh	C	c. Upper arm		d. Scapula	
5.		n accurate daily weight must be recorded	ior pa	itients with kidney	diseas	se because of	l kg
		reight gain is equal to retained fluid of		1500 1		2000	
_		500 ml b. 1000 ml		1500 ml		2000 ml	
6.		While administering Kayexalate retention en	iema t	o promote potassiu	m rem	ioval, it should	d be
		etained for		20.45			
_				30-45 minutes		45-60 minutes	
7.		fter Kayexalate retention enema, a cleansing	g enen				
		Remove the remaining kayexalate if any		 c. Prevent diarrhe 			
		Prevent fecal impaction		d. Prevent electro	•		
8.	•						
		Reinfection with new bacteria		Structural abnormali	ies in	the urinary trac	t
		Persistence of the same organism		Renal stones			
9.		he criterion that indicates malfunctioning of	f a pac	emaker is			
		Short T waves					
	b.	Normal sinus rhythm					
		No spikes appearing on the ECG					
		Pairing spikes followed by a wide QRS com					
10.	A	patient receiving intravenous aminophyllin					
	a.	Hypotension		 Decreased puls 	e rate		
		Visual disturbances		 d. Decreased urin 	ary out	tput	
11.	Th	he amount of sodium in 1gm of salt is					
		293 mg b. 393 mg		c. 493 mg		d. 593 mg	
12.	Th	he nurse providing care to a patient with	water	seal drainage obse	rves f	luctuations in	the
	wa	ater seal chamber. This indicates					
	a.	An air leak in the drainage system	c.	Suction applied is	more th	han required	
	b.	Obstruction of the tubing	d.	The system is func	tioning	g properly	
13.	La	actulose is given to patients with hepatic end	cephal	opathy because it			
	a.	C . I II . I'm from accordance lungions					
	b.	D. J. State of the Control of the Co					
	c.	Prevents uremia					
	d.	Reduces blood ammonia concentration					

14.	The main purpose of MELD score is to determin	ie		(*)
a.	The prognosis	c.	Organ allocation priori	ities
b.		d.	The type of cirrhosis o	fliver
15. Pa	incuronium is administered to a patient on PEEP	dia	gnosed as ARDS	
a.	To reduce patient fighting with ventilator	10		
b.	To reduce the anxiety			
c.	To reduce the discomfort of the ventilation			1
	To reduce hypotension			
	prevent the pulmonary embolism, heparin m			the international
no	rmalized ration (INR) is within the therapeutic ra			
a.	1 to 1.5 b. 1.5 to 2		2 to 2.5	d. 2.5 to 3
	tients who receive continuous/timed interval feed	ding	g should be positioned	semi recumbent
d	uring the feeding and for a minimum of			
a.	15 minutes afterward		30 minutes afterward	
0.0000	20 minutes afterward		45 minutes afterward	
18. TI	ne minimum length of an effective pulmonary reha			
	4 weeks b. 6 weeks		8 weeks	d. 10 weeks
19. T	he tracheostomy tape should be adequately tight	ene	d to prevent dislodgen	nent. Tighten the
ta	ape until only			
a.	· ·			
b.	•			
. c.				
d.				
20. (One of the criteria to wean a patient from ventilate			
			•	20 to 25 ml/kg
21. U	Isually no drains are used after pneumonectomy b			
a.	•		It is difficult to remove	
	Drains may cause pneumothorax		Mediastinal shift is pro	
22. 7	The highest priority when promoting oral hygiene			is to
a.	The Control of Control		Prevent dental caries	
	Prevent unpleasant mouth odour		Prevent mouth ulcers	
	n buccal administration of drugs, medication i	s k	ept in the mouth aga	inst the mucous
	nembrane of	_		m
				The palate
	A stroke patient uses his stronger extremities to gi	ve	range of motion exerci	ses to the weaker
	extremities. This is an example of			
	Passive ROM		Active ROM	· ·
	Active assistive ROM	d.	Resistive ROM	
	Passive range of motion exercises prevent	4200		
	The state of the s			Renal calculi
	When assisting a patient to stand following a pro	olon	ged period of bed res	t, the nurse must
c	arefully assess for			
a.			Orthostatic hypotension	
b.	Respiratory rate	d.	Dependent edema	

27. Tab, propranolol 100 mg, QID, o			
nurse finds that only 40 mg tab			administer?
a. 1.5 b. 2		2.5	d. 3
28. Measuring the pH of the aspir			
nasogastric feeding tube. Which	of the following pF	I value shows that the	ne tube is in the
stomach?		G 8	
a. 8 b. 7	c.		d. 5
29. The size of the catheter used for u			
a. 12 to 14 F b. 8 to		5 to 8 F	d. 3 to 5 F
30. What is the expected condition fo			
(pH-7.5, PCO ₂ .46 mmHg HCO3 -			
a. Respiratory acidosis		Metabolic acidosis	
 Metabolic alkalosis 		Respiratory alkalosis	
31. What is the total calorie getting fr			
a. 200 kcal b. 400		800 kcal	d. 1000 kcal
32. What is the normal haemoglobin			
a. 14-18 g/dl b. 10-14 g/d) g/dl d. 15	5-25 g/dl
33. Which of the following is an isoto			
a. 0.09% NACI b. RL			d. 5% D in 0.9% NACI
34. To perform catheterization, the n			
a. Lithotomy position		Sim's position	
 b. Dorsal recumbent position 	d.	Trendelenburg position	n
35. Apical pulse can be assessed at			
a. At 2 nd intercostal space in the le			
b. Between 2 nd and 3 rd intercostal s			
c. Between 4 th and 5 th intercostal sp			
d. Between 5 th and 6 th intercostal sp			
36. What is the most common compli			
a. Hypokalemia		Renal failure	
b. Dysrhythmias		Dressler's syndrome	
37. What should be monitored for a c			
a. INR		Bleeding time	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
b. APTT	d.	Sedimentation rate	
38. What is the side effect of aminople			
a. Hypertensionb. Hypot			Flushing of skin
39. What is the comfortable position			
a. Fowler's		Supine	
 b. Dorsal Recumbent 	d.	Orthopneic	
40. What is the normal BUN Creatin			
a. 10:2 b. 20:2	c.	20:1	d. 30:1
41. Prednisolone is usually not used a			
a. Omeprazole b. Raniti	idine c. As	spirin d.	Dionil

42. What is the classical sign of pheochromocytoma?	
a. Malignant hyperthermia	c. Hypotension
b. Malignant hypertension	d. Hyperkalemia
43. At what time of the prenatal development should	I the nurse expect the greatest fetal weigh
gain?	
a. First trimester	c. Second trimester
b. Third trimester	d. Implantation period
44. In which fetal blood vessel is the oxygen content h	ighest?
a. Ductus venosus	c. Pulmonary artery
b. Umbilical artery	d. Ductus arteriosus
45. When a client's legs are placed in stirrups for	or birth, both legs should be positioned
simultaneously to prevent	
a. Venous stasis in the legs	 Excessive pull on the fascia
b. Pressure on the perineum	d. Trauma to uterine ligaments
46. When checking a client's fundus on the 2 nd pos	tpartum day, the nurse observes that the
fundus is above the umbilicus and displaced to the	e right. The nurse evaluates that the client
probably has	
a. A slow rate of involution	c. An over distended bladder
b. Retained placental fragments	d. Over stretched uterine ligaments
47. Side effects of long term cortisone therapy is	
a. Hypoglycemia	c. Anaphylactic shock
b. Severe anorexia	d. Behavioural changes
48. The nurse is caring a client who is receiving a un	it of packed RBCs. Which of the following
findings leads the nurse to suspect a transfusion re-	action caused by incompatible blood?
a. Dyspnoea b. Cyanosis c.	Backache d. Bradycardia
49. What is the most serious complication of meningiti	s in young children?
a. Epilepsy	c. Peripheral circulatory collapse
b. Blindness	d. Communicating hydrocephalus
50. The maximum score in APGAR scoring is	
a. 5 b. 10	c. 15 d. 12
51. A young child has coarctation of aorta. What shou	ld the nurse expect to identify when taking
the child's vital signs?	
a. A weak radial pulse	c. A bounding femoral pulse
b. An irregular heart beat	d. An elevated BP in the arm
52. An increase in CVP is seen in	
a. Dehydration b. Renal failure c.	Liver failure d. Shock
53. Strawberry tongue is a sign of	
a. Microcytic anemia	c. Rocky Mountain spotted fever
b. Scarlet fever	d. Mumps
54. Common symptom of salicylate toxicity is	
a. Decreased Urine output	c. Anorexia
b. Jaundice	d. Tinnitus

$\underline{\textbf{WRITTEN TEST FOR THE POST OF STAFF NURSE} - \textbf{A}}$

leucopenia probably is caused by a. Bacterial Infection b. High Creatinine levels c. Rejection of the Kidney b. High Creatinine levels d. Antirejection medication 56. Which of the following symptoms is most commonly associated with Left side heart failure? a. Crackles b. Arrhythmias d. Hypotension 57. When performing external chest compressions on an adult during CPR the rescuer should depress the sternum a. 0.5 to 1 inch b. 1 to 1.5 inch c. 1.5 to 2 inches d. 2 to 2.5 inches 58. Which post procedure intervention should the nurse implement in a client after ERCP? a. Assess for rectal bleeding c. Assess gag reflex b. Increase fluid intake d. Keep in supine position 59. Which of the following problem has priority in a client diagnosed with acute pancreatitis? a. Risk for fluid volume deficit b. Alteration in comfort c. Imbalanced nutrition less than body requirements d. Knowledge deficit 60. Which endocrine disorder would the nurse assess for in a head injury patient with increased intracranial pressure? a. Pheochromocytoma b. Diabetes insipidus d. Gynaecomastia 61. A client receiving dialysis for end-stage renal disease wants to quit dialysis and die. Which ethical principle supports the clients right to die? a. Autonomy c. Beneficence d. Justice 62. A physician prescribes laboratory studies for an infant of a human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) positive woman to determine the presence of HIV antigen. Which laboratory test will be prescribed? a. Western blot b. Chest X-ray c. CD4 + count d. P24 antigen assay 63. A nurse is carring for a child with a suspected diagnosis of rheumatic fever. Which laboratory test would assist in confirming the diagnosis? a. White blood cell count d. Antistreptolysin O titre 64. A client tells the nurse that his body is made of wood and is quite heavy. The nurse interprets this as a. Compulsion	55. Three weeks after transplant, a client develop	s leucopenia. The nurse understands that the
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a. Compulsion c. Depersonalization		,,,,,,,,,
		c. Depersonalization
b. Hallucination d. Obsession		d. Obsession
65. Which of the following might increase the client's risk during ECT?		
a. Degenerative joint disease c. Recent myocardial infarction		
b. Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus d. Use of multiple medications		

66. A client with pregnancy- induced hypertens	
	nistering each dose, the nurse would assess the
client's a. Temperature and pulse rate	c. Blood pressure and apical pulse
b. Respirations and patellar reflex	d. Urinary output relative to fluid intake
67. The word "POSDCORB" describes the eleme	•
a. Supervision b. Selection	c. Securing d. Staffing
68. The best marker to diagnose thyroid related of	
a. T3 b. T4	c. TSH d. Thyroglobulin
69. First treatment of rupture of varicose veins at	, ,
a. Rest in prone position of patient	c. Application of a tourniquet proximally
b. Application of a tourniquet distally	d. Direct pressure and elevation
70. The commonest site of oral cancer among Ind	•
a. Tongue	c. Alveobuccal complex
b. Floor of mouth	d. Lip
71. Which among the following is a potassium spa	•
a. Lasix b. Mannitol	c. Diamox d. Spironolactone
72. The difference between apical and radial puls	
a. Pulse pressure	c. Water hammer pulse
b. Pulse deficit	d. Carotid pulse
73. The high pitched musical sound on expiration	
a. Stridor b. Wheezing	c. Grunting d. Crepitation
74. A client with severe burns is receiving	H ₂ receptor antagonist therapy. The nurse
understands that the purpose of the therapy i	is to
a. Prevent stress ulcer	c. Facilitate protein synthesis
 Block prostaglandin synthesis 	d. Enhance gas exchange
75. The angle of insertion of the needle while givi	ng an intradermal injection is
a. 15 degree b. 25 degree	c. 45 degree d. 90 degree
76. The most common symptom of bladder cance	er is
a. Suprapubic pain	c. Dysuria
b. Painless haematuria	d. Urinary retension
77 The abdominal distantian and absonage of hor	
 The abdominal distention and absence of box a. Hemorrhage 	
b. Paralytic ileus	c. Intussusception d. Flatulence
78. HbA1C is a blood test that reflects average b	
	0 7 7
a. 0-1 month b. 1-2 months	c. 2-3 months d. 3-4 months
79. In preparing a client for barium enema for the	
	he evaluation of colon cancer, the nurse should
79. In preparing a client for barium enema for th	he evaluation of colon cancer, the nurse should
79. In preparing a client for barium enema for thea. Give a oil retention enema and a laxative on the	the evaluation of colon cancer, the nurse should the day before before the procedure

80. Immediately after cholecystectomy the highest priority nursing intervention should be

- a. Encouraging the client to take adequate deep breaths by mouth
- b. Encouraging the client to do deep breathing and coughing exercise
- c. Changing the dressing at least BD
- d. Irrigate the T tube frequently

			ANS	SWER KI	E Y	•••••	
	. C	20	6 C		51 D	76	
2	В	21	, C	5	32 B	77	E
3	С	28	D D	5	3 B	78	
4	A	29	A	5	4 D	79	D
5	В	30	В	5	5 D	80	В
6	С	31	A	50	6 A		
7	В	32	С	57	C		
8	A	33	В	58	С		
9	C	34	В	59	В		
10	<u>A</u>	35	D	60	В		
11	В	36	В	61	A		٠
12	D	37	<u>A</u>	62	D	_	
13	D	38	В	63	D		
14	C	39	D	64	С	,	190
15	A	40	A	65	С		
16	С	41	С	66	В		
17	С	42	В	67	D		
18	В	43	В	68	С		
19	В	44	A	69	D		
20	В	45	D	70	C	ı	
21	D	46	C	71	D		
22	A	47	D	72	В		
23	A	48	C	73	В		
24	A	49	С	74	A		
25	A	50	В	75	A		

76 B

В

С

D

80 B