

श्री चित्रा तिरुनाल आयुर्विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान, त्रिवेंद्रम , केरल– 695 011 (एक राष्ट्रीय महत्व का संस्थान, विज्ञान एवं प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग, भारत सरकार) SREE CHITRA TIRUNAL INSTITUTE FOR MEDICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY, TRIVANDRUM KERALA – 695 011

Entrance Examination 2020- DM _ Neurology (Peadiatrics)

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SI No	Question	Answer	OptionA	OptionB	OptionC	OptionD
	Which of the following investigation is gold standard for diagnosis		MRI with contrast	Meningocortical	Cerebral angiogram	High resolution MR-
1	of isolated CNS angitis?	В		biopsy		vessel wall imaging
2	Which among the following inherited disease can be associated with non-atheromatous vasculopathies and young	В	MELAS	Ehlers Danlos type IV	Protein C deficiency	Homocystinuria
	stroke?					
3	Which among the following is NOT a component of ABCD2 score used for risk stratification of TIA?	А	Age 50 or above	Diabetes mellitus	Duration of symptoms	-weakness/speech
4	Commonest site of hypertensive intracerebral bleed	В	Caudate	Putamen	Thalamus	impairment internal capsule
	Which among the following is a primary hemostatic disorder due to		Scott's syndrome	Glanzmann's	Von Willebrand	Afibrinogenemia
5	platelet adhesion defect? Assymetric tonic neck reflex disappears in an infant by	С	2 months	thrombaesthenia 3 months	disease 4 months	5 months
6	months of age. Sleep related rhythmic movements like head banging and body	С	3 months-12	1-3 years	3-5 years	>6 years of age
7	rocking are observed in children betweenage	A	months			
8	Taste sensation from the anterior two-thirds of the tongue courses trough all the following nerves EXCEPT:	А	Greater (Superficial) Petrosal nerve	Lingual nerve	Chorda tympani	Nervus intermedius
	Which among the following is the principal neurotransmitter		Dopamine	Glutamic Acid	Glycine	Gamma Amino
9	involved in the basal ganglia output to the thalamus and brainstem?	D				Butyric Acid
10	Which among the following gene mutations cause early onset Parkinsonism with pyramidal signs?	С	LRRK2	SNCA	FBXO7	PARKIN
11	Which among the following is a dimorphic fungus?	С	Aspergillus	Rhizopus	Candida	Cryptococcus
12	Which among the following is the first-line / primary drug of choice for the treatment of aspergillosis?	А	Voriconazole	Amphotericin B	Fluconazole	Flucytosine
13	Which among the following antihypertensive medications has been shown to have efficacy as prophylactic medication against migraine?	В	Cilnidipine	Candesartan	Clonidine	Captopril
14	Which among the following is the preferred target for Deep Brain Stimulation in patients with generalized dystonia?	С	Dorsolateral Putamen	Head of Caudate Nucleus	Globus Pallidus internus	Red nucleus
15	Which among the following medications is used as the preferred treatment for Paroxysmal Kinesigenic Dyskinesia (PKD)?	В	Levodopa	Carbamazepine	Anticholinergics	Tetrabenazine
16	Gray platelet syndrome is caused by:	С	Absence of ATP containing granules	Congenital absence of metalloproteinase		Antibodies against metalloproteinase
17	Which among the following is the most common pathological correlate of HIV-associated nephropathy?	D	Membranous glomerulopathy	Membranoproliferat ive glomerulopathy	Interstitial nephropathy	Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis
18	The most likely diagnosis in a seven year old girl with normal development who has periods of inattention and poor performance in school is due to:	D	Complex partial seizure.	Rasmussen encephalitis	Progressive myoclonus epilepsy.	Childhood absence epilepsy
	A single normal electroencephalogram (EEG) in a person thought to		Can rule out a	Indicates that a	Suggests a diagnosis	Should be repeated if
	have complex partial seizures		diagnosis of		of generalized	clinically indicated
19		D	epilepsy	have mesial temporal sclerosis	epilepsy	
20	Which of the following agents had by far the greatest incidence of fatal rhabdomyolysis?	А	Cerivastatin	Lovastatin	Simvastatin	Atorvastatin
	Cyanotic or blue breath-holding attacks occurs due to		breath holding that	breath holding that	neurally mediated	hyperventilation
21		В	occurs during inspiration	occurs during expiration	vagal discharge	
22	Most of the identified genes associated with epilepsy are	A	Ion channels and neurotransmitter receptors	Ion channels and neurotransmitter receptors	Protease inhibitors	Cell growth promoters
23	Frontotemporal dementia has been associated with mutations in the gene coding for which of the following?	В	α-Synuclein	Tau protein	Amyloid precursor protein	Superoxide dismutase
24	Which of the following genetic tests would best detect a balanced chromosomal translocation ?	C	Chromosomal microarray	Whole exome sequencing	Karyotype	Multiples ligation dependendent probe amplification
25	In the spinal cord, motor neuron cell bodies are located in	С	Lamina II.	Lamina V.	Lamina IX	Lamina I.
26	Food is prevented from entering the larynx during the pharyngeal phase of swallowing by	А	constriction of the laryngeal entrance.	upward movement of the epiglottis.	downward movement of the larynx.	
27	Which brain structure is typically involved in periodic alternating nystagmus?	С	Middle cerebellar peduncle	Flocculus	Nodulus	Fastigial nucleus
<u> </u>		<u> </u>				

28	The frontal circuit associated with motivational behaviour is	D	Supplementary motor circuit	Dorsolateral prefrontal circuit	Orbitofrontal circuit	Anterior cingulate circuit
	Limbic encephalitis presentation is classical for all the following		GABA B	LGI1 encephalitis	mGLuR1 encephalitis	Anti-Hu antibody
29	antibody mediated/associated encephalitis EXCEPT	С	encephalitis			mediated encephalitis
	A 25-year-old male presented with bilateral ptosis, facial weakness,		Clinical exome	Multiple ligase-	Triplet repeat primed	Targeted gene
30	distal upper limb weakness and difficulty in releasing grip. His father has bilateral ptosis. What is the genetic test of choice?	С	sequencing	dependent proble amplification	PCR	sequencing
31	Acute necrotizing myopathy is causally linked to which of the following drugs?	D	Cochicine	Chloroquine	Amiodarone	Statins
	Which of the following statements is FALSE about ostium secundum		Second heart	Closure is advisable	Risk of arrhythmia is	Isolated defects are
	atrial septal defect?		sound has a wide fixed split during	for asymptomatic patients with right	higher in adults undergoing ASD repair	less common than syndromic forms
32		D	all phases of	ventricular		
			respiration	hypertrophy		
	Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding pregnancy and systemic lupus erythematosus?		Risk of fetal loss is not influenced by	Co-existence of anti- La antibodies	Hydroxychloroquine therapy reduces the	Azathioprine is absolutely
	systeme upus erythematosus:		disease activity	increase the risk of	risk of fetal congenital	contraindicated
33		С		congenital heart	heart block in future	during pregnancy
				block in the newborn	pregnancies	
				newborn		
	The following are true of antiphosholipid antibodies(aPLs) except		Patients with Sneddon	They can present with multiinfarct	Cardiac vavlular lesions are seen in	Chorea is one of the commonest
34		D		dementia	patients with aPLs	presentation in
			aPLs			patients with aPLs
	Quadruple sectoranopia is diagnostic of infarction in territory of		Anterior choroidal	Posterior choroidal	Proximal posterior	Thalamogeniculate
35		A	artery	artery	cerebral artery	artery
	Regarding endothelin receptor antagonist, which of the following is true		Bosentan and Macitentan are	Ambrisentan is a nonselective	Ambrisentan was studied in ARIES -1	Bosentan was studied in ARIES 1
26	u de		endothelin A	receptor antagonist		trial
36		С	selective receptor			
			antagonist			
	The following are true of newborn eye except		The cornea is	Most infants are	Tears are not present	Iris color may change
37		в	smaller than that of adult	myopic	with crying until 1-3 months of age	in the first several months of age
					months of age	months of age
	A 1 year old child has ascending paralysis with peripheral		Corynebacterium	Clostridium	Campylobacteria	Shigella dysenteria
38	neuropathy.CSF study shows normal cells with raised protein.Which bacteria can precipitate this syndrome	С	diphtheria	botulinum	jejunei	serotype 1
	The following are true of olfactory dysfunction in COVID 19 except		The incidence of	Anosmia is a	Patients with COVID	Recovery from
			olfactory	prominent sign of	19 can present with	anosmia is poor in
39		D	dysfunction in COVID 19 varies	SARS-CoV2 infection	anosmia without any other symptoms	Covid 19
			from 30-70%			
40	Which of the following solutes is present in higher concentrations in	D	Calcium	Chloride	Magnesium	Both b and c
41	CSF than serum, glymphatic system promotes elimination of metabolites from	D	Upper GI tract	Lower GI tract	Respiratory system	Central Nervous
	which system True about Van der Knaap disease is all except	-	Dysmyelinating	Associated with	Anterior temporal	system Normal NAA on MRS
	The about van der knaap disease is all except	_	disorder	microcephaly	subcortical cysts	NORMAI NAA ON WIRS
42		В			Anterior temporal	
42	Which of the following tumors is most commonly associated with		Neuroblastoma	Medulloblastoma	subcortical cysts Juvenile pilocytic	Ependymoma
43	opsoclonus-myoclonus? Hereditary Neuropathy with liability to Pressure Palsies (HNPP) is	A	MPZ duplication	MPZ deletion	astrocytoma PMP22 duplication	PMP22 deletion
44	associated with	D				
_	18-year-old man presents with 1 month of headaches and 10 days		Hemangioblastoma	Vestibular	Optic glioma related	Cerebellar
45	of increasing ataxia. He has a past medical history of renal cysts. There is a strong family history of renal cancer and "brain tumors."	А	related to Von Hippel-Lindau	schwannoma related to	to neurofibromatosis 1	hamartoma related to Cowden syndrome
	Which of the following is his most likely underlying diagnosis?		syndrome	neurofibromatosis 2		
	Elastosis perforans serpiginosa (EPS) is a reactive perforating	с	Colchicine	Methotrexate	Penicillamine	Cisplatin
46	dormatoric accoriated with		Intrinsic muscles	palatoglossus	genioglossus	styloglossus
	dermatosis associated with Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the ,	D			1	1
47		В	Fluoxetine	Quinidine	Ephedrine	Both A and B
	Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the , Congenital myasthenic syndromes (CMS) with COLQ gene mutation responds to	B	Fluoxetine	-		
47 48	Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the , Congenital myasthenic syndromes (CMS) with COLQ gene mutation	С	Fluoxetine Donot involve	One third do not	Can develop atrophy	high frequency of
47	Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the , Congenital myasthenic syndromes (CMS) with COLQ gene mutation responds to		Fluoxetine	One third do not respond well to anticholinesterase		
47 48	Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the , Congenital myasthenic syndromes (CMS) with COLQ gene mutation responds to All are true about MuSK myasthenia except Which of the following hypothalamic nuclei controls the circadian	С	Fluoxetine Donot involve facial and bulbar	One third do not respond well to	Can develop atrophy	high frequency of respiratory crisis Suprachiasmatic
47 48 49	Cranial nerve XII supplies muscles of the tongue except the , Congenital myasthenic syndromes (CMS) with COLQ gene mutation responds to All are true about MuSK myasthenia except	C A	Fluoxetine Donot involve facial and bulbar muscles	One third do not respond well to anticholinesterase drugs	Can develop atrophy of lingual muscles	high frequency of respiratory crisis

	Which of the following condition is considered as a functional		Multiple system	Parkinson's disease	Diabetic neuropathy	Complex regional
52	disorder of autonomic nervous system?	D	atrophy			pain syndrome
53	The drug of choice in the treatment of a child with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder	А	Methylphenidate	Duloxetine	Clonazepam	Topiramate
54	Anterior neuropore closes at	С	16 days' gestation	20 days' gestation	24 days' gestation	28 days' gestation
55	Pulvinar sign in MRI brain is seen in	В	Sporadic Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease	Variant Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease	Familial Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease	latrogenic Creutzfeldt–Jakob disease
56	The most common gene mutation associated with typical Rett syndrome is	D	Cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5(CDKL5)	Forkhead box protein G1 (FOXG1)	17q21.31 microdeletion	Methyl CpG binding protein 2 (MECP2)
57	The metabolic abnormality detected by amino acid analysis in Maple Syrup Urine Disease is	С	Marked elevation in plasma levels of methionine and homocysteine	Moderate elevation in plasma levels of serine and glycine	marked elevations in plasma levels of leucine, isoleucine and valine	Moderate elevations in plasma levels of threonine and alanine
58	A 40 year-old male patient presented with acute glomerulonephritis, asthma and peripheral eosinophilia. Renal biopsy showed focal segmental necrotizing glomerulonephritis without eosinophils and granulomas. What is the most likely diagnosis	С	Microscopic Polyangiitis	Wegener's granulomatosis	Churg-Strauss Syndrome	Goodpasture's syndrome
59	Which of the following structures concerned with geographic gnosis represents the inferior and anterior continuation of the cingulate gyrus beyond the splenium of the corpus callosum?	D	Lingual gyrus	Occipitotemporal gyrus	Cuneus	Parahippocampal gyrus
60	Which of the following is a feature of cortical amnesia due to bilateral mesial temporal lobe lesions?	С	Prominent confabulation to "fill-in" memory gaps	Isolated verbal retrieval deficits on recall tasks	Prominent verbal- visual encoding deficits on recall tasks	Less aware of deficit in comparison to anteromedial thalamic lesions
61	Which of the following statements is a feature of pure word blindness:	A	Interhemispheric disconnection syndrome	Patients cannot read and write on dictation	Cannot identify the word by tracing letters	Due to dominant angular gyrus lesions
62	Regarding the pathology seen in Alzheimer's disease, the following statement is true:	A	Neurofibrillary tangles are intracellular deposits of a microtubule associated protein and ubiquitin	Neuritic plaques are intracellular deposits that contain beta- amyloid and other proteins	Plaques are not found in the cerebral and meningeal blood- vessel walls	Greatest risk is with Apo E4/E2 heterozygous genotype
63	Which of the following inborn errors have X-linked recessive inheritance?	С	Hurler syndrome	Biotinidase deficiency	Ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency	Acute intermittent porphyria
64	A characteristic of cholelithiasis in children is:	D	>70% are usually cholesterol type stones	15-20% are usually pigment type stones	Black pigment gallstones are composed of cholesterol and organic matrix	Brown pigment stones form mostly in infants due to biliary tract infection
65	What is not a feature of primary hemochromatosis?	В	Linked to HLA-A locus on chromosome 6	Hypergonadotropic hypogonadism	Elevated transferrin and ferritin	Alcoholism is a risk factor
66	The false statement with regard to Hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection is:	С	Atleast 6 major genotypes of HCV have been identified by nucleotide sequencing	High mutation rate interferes with effective humoral immunity	Heterologous and homologous immunity appears to develop commonly after acute HCV infection	Hepatic steatosis and clnical progression are more likely in genotype 3
67	Which of the following is NOT true in a patient with post traumatic right trochlear nerve palsy	A	Patient would have head tilt to the right side	Right eye will be hypertropic due to inferior oblique overaction	There would be failure of intorsion in right eye	Patient will have diplopia maximum on looking left and down
68	Which of the following features would make a diagnosis of Aquaporin 4 antibody positive neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder highly likely?	В	Typical optic neuritis	Area postrema syndrome	Multiple asymptomatic brain lesions	Encephalopathic presentation in childhood
69	Mr. X, 44 years is found to have cryptococcal meningitis in the setting of advanced HIV infection. He has been started on Flucytosine. About half of the AIDS patients treated with flucytosine for cryptococcal meningitis are forced to discontinue it because of;	A	Neutropenia	Hepatic dysfunction	Steven Johnson Syndrome	Thrombocytopenia
70	The true statement regarding temporal neocortical epilepsy as compared to mesial temporal epilepsy is all EXCEPT	В	Auditory aura is common	Lesser chance for secondary generalisation	Less propensity for oral automatisms	Less chance for contralateral dystonic posturing

71	A 2-year-old boy presented to the emergency department with 3 episodes of right focal seizures in a single day. He had mild global developmental delay and has glaucoma. On examination he had paucity of right side and port vine stain over the left side of face. What is the commonest MRI brain finding associated with this condition?	В	Hemimegalenceph aly	Leptomeningeal angioma	Hemangioblastoma	Venous telangiectasia
72	A- 12-year old boy is brought to the out-patient clinic with history of recurrent symptoms, noticed over the preceding two years characterized by stiffness and aching sensation in thigh and shoulder girdle muscles following activities like running, climbing stairs or lifting heavy weights. A few of these occasions were followed by passing cola-colored urine. The symptoms used to appear within the initial few minutes of the activity, and on many of the occasions, he could resume the activity after a few minutes of rest, without any further interruption. His general as well as neurological examination is within normal limits. He has no symptoms to suggest a cardiovascular dysfunction. The parents could not recollect anybody in the family with similar symptoms. Which of the following is most likely to be responsible for his symptoms?	A	Phosphorylase deficiency	Debrancher deficiency	CPT II (Carnitine Palmitoyl Transferase II) deficiency	Primary Muscle Carnitine Deficiency.
73	A 14 month old boy, with normal birth and development history is brought to the emergency room with fever and running nose of one day duration and a single, generalized seizure, lasting for 5 minutes. The boy is alert and active. Temperature is found to be 38.0 C. He has no neurological deficits or signs of meningeal irritation. His optic fundus is normal.	D		Sodium valproate has no role in his treatment, as it has been found to be ineffective for the prevention of febrile seizure recurrence, in various clinical trials.	He should be treated with oral diazepam for 3 days during the current and future febrile spells, to prevent the development of epilepsy later in life.	He requires only antipyretics and supportive treatment
74	In Rheumatic mitral regurgitation, which medication is preferred to reduce regurgitate volume and preserve left ventricular function?	с	Digoxin	Betablockers	ACE-inhibitors	Diuretics
75	What is the current definition of Juvenile oligoarthritis as per ILAR (Internaltional League of Association for Rhematologists) ?	A	Arthritis involving less than 5 joints, during the first 6 months of life	Arthritis involving less than 2 joints ,for at least 2 weeks	Artritis invoving at least one small and one large joing with no time specification	Artritis of less than or equal to 3 joints in either small joints or large joints
76	" Ragged red" fibre can be seen in all EXCEPT:	D	Mitochondrial cytopathy	Zidovudine myopathy	MERRF	Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy
77	A previously normal 3-year-old boy presents with language regression over the past 3 months. Video-EEG monitoring revealed left centrotemporal spikes, very frequent in sleep and rare in wakefulness, as well as focal slowing. Which of the following is the most likely diagnosis?	В	Autistic regression	Landau-Kleffner syndrome	Continuous spikes and waves during slow wave sleep syndrome	Rett syndrome
78	A 4-month-old boy has exhibited generalized hypotonia and weakness since birth. He also has scoliosis and slow pupillary responses to light. Which of the following congenital myasthenic syndromes is the most likely diagnosis?	В	acetylcholine receptor deficiency	acetylcholinesterase deficiency	choline acetyltransferase deficiency	fast-channel syndrome
79	Duodopa is	С	aerosol preparation of Levodopa/carbidop a	transdermal preparation of Levodopa/carbidopa	intestinal infusion of Levodopa/carbidopa	new subcutaneous injectable preparation of Levodopa/carbidopa to escape freezing /severe off phases
80	Proprioceptive nerve endings in synovial joints are located in	В	articular cartilage and synovial membrane.	ligaments and articular discs.	synovial membrane and capsule.	capsule and ligaments.
81	All of the following can be typical clinical abnormalities in Friedreich's ataxia except	С	Cardiomyopathy	Kyphoscoliosis	Retinitis pigmentosa	Sensorineural hearing loss
82	Poly hill sign is seen in which of the following muscular dystrophies ?	С	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy	Calpainopathy	Facio Scapulo Humeral Muscular Dystrophy	Congenital Muscular Dystrophy
83	Lesions in which among the following sites in the Brachial plexus results in weakness of wrist extensors and arm abductors	А	Posterior cord	Medial cord	Lateral cord	Lower trunk
84	All the following are true of Lambert Eaton Myasthenic syndrome except	D	DELTA P score is used in tumor association prediction	Characterised by autonomic features and areflexia	It is a presynaptic disorder	Most common tumor association is adenocarcinoma lung
85	How many exons does the Dystrophin gene have ?	В	88		51	63
86	All of the following are false regarding Neurofibromatosis 1 except	С	Gene for NF 1 is located on Chromosome 17p22	The inheritance is autosomal recessive	Penetrance is 100%	Incidence is 1 in 30000-40000 live births
1	Which among the following occurs as a result of lateral	1	Hemiparesis	Duret's	Both	None

88	Which among the following is a constant according to the Munro Kellie doctrine ?	D	Intracranial blood +CSF+ brain pressure	Total CSF pressure	Total CSF volume	Intracranial blood +CSF+ brain volume
89	Which of the following represents the osmolality of the low osmolality WHO ORS in mmol/L	D	211	250	311	245
90	Coronary artery abnormalities is a complication of which among the following childhood diseases	А	Kawazaki disease	Measles	Juvenile Rheumatoid arthritis	Scarlet fever
91	The site of absorption of Vitamin B12 is	С	Duodenum	Jejunum	lleum	Stomach
92	Which of the following can reliably diagnoses Pleural effusion due to Congestive Cardiac Failure (CCF)?	C	Pleural fluid/serum LDH ratio	Gamma Interferon level in Pleural fluid	NT-Pro BNP level in Pleural fluid	Pleural fluid/serum Atrial Natriuretic peptide ratio
93	Headaches are uncommon in	C	CADASIL	Temporal Arteritis	Leukoaraiosis	Reversible Cerebral Vasoconstriction Syndrome (RCVS)
94	Potential collateral flow in Chronic occlusion of terminal Internal Carotid Artery (ICA) can be from all except	В	Middle meningeal Artery	Ophthalmic Artery	AComA	PComA
95	PTH independent Hypercalcemia occurs in all except	A	Lithium therapy	Humoral hypercalcemia of malignancy	Hyperthyroidism	Adrenal Insufficieny
96	Which of the following can result in aseptic meningitis	D	NSAIDs	IVIgG	INH	All of the above
97	Anterior horn cell tropism is not a feature of myelitis related to	С	West Nile Virus	Zika Virus	HTLV-1	Polio Virus
98	CSF Polymorphonuclear Pleocytosis can occur in all of the following except.	D	West Nile Virus encephalitis	CMV Myeloradiculitis	Entroviral Myelitis	HHV-6 Encephalitis
99	The least useful investigation in an 8 year old boy with ADHD	В	TFT	Peripheral smear	Serum Lead levels	EEG
100	Encephalopathy in 'Refeeding Syndrome' is mainly related to	В	Hypoglycemia	Thiamine deficiency	Hypophosphatemia	Hypomagnesemia